B.Sc. Part-I (Semester-II) (New) (CBCS) Examination

COMP. SCI./COMP.APP./I.T.

DATA STRUCTURE AND OPPs

PAPER-ICS2

Time: 3 Hours]					[Maximum Marks : 80			
Note	:—(1)	A	Il questions are compulsory.					
	(2)	Q	uestion No. 1 carries 20 mark	s and	all other questions carry 10 marks each.			
	(3)	As	ssume suitable data wherever i	necess	ary.			
1. (A) Fill	in the	e blanks. (1 mark each):—		5			
	(a)		is an operation to remove	the el	ement from stack.			
	(b)	In q	ueue, the element is added the	n valı	ue of is increased by 1.			
	(c)	In _	tree, left node is less that	n and	right node is greater than that of root node.			
	(d)	In _	sort previous all element	s are s	smaller than existing element.			
	(e)	Am	nechanism that associates the co	ode an	d the data it manipulates into a single unit is called			
(B	S) Sele	ct co	orrect alternatives :	13	10			
	(a)			he bas	se class perform no task relative the class, such			
		clas	s is known as :		-			
		(i)	Derived class	(ii)	Base class			
		(iii)	Abstract base Class	(iv)	Virtual base class			
	(b)	Which of the following is not a form of inheritance?						
		(i)	Multiple	(ii)	Hybrid			
		(iii)	Multilevel	(iv)	Derived			
	(c)	A sp	pecial member function which is	s invo	ked automatically when an object is to be destroyed			
		is ca	alled:					
		(i)	Constructor	(ii)	Destructor			
			Copy Constructor	(iv)	None of these			
	(d)	Whi	Which among the following is not an access specifier?					
	۸۸	(i)	Public	(ii)	Private Friend			
	H	(iii)	Protected	(iv)	Tiond			
	(e)		node located at the end of the	e tree				
		(i)	End node	(ii)	Root node			
		(iii)	Branch	(iv)	Leaf node			

		(f)	The	The trees which have at most two child nodes are called					
			(i)	Binary tree	(ii)	Complete binary tree			
			(iii)	Binary search tree	(iv)	None			
		(g)	Stac	ck is also called as					
			(i)	FIFO	(ii)	LIFO			
			(iii)	LOFI	(iv)	FOFI			
		(h)	3_	is a special member function	n in C	++, which is used to initialize itself.			
			(i)	Destructor	(ii)	Constructor			
			(iii)	Friend	(iv)	None of these			
		(i)	Der	ived class with several base cl	asses	is called inheritance.			
			(i)	Single	(ii)	Multiple			
			(iii)	Multilevel	(iv)	Hybrid			
		(j)		provides the concept of reu	ısabili	ty.			
			(i)	Class	(ii)	Object			
			(iii)	Inheritance	(iv)	Polymorphism			
	(C)	Ansv	wer i	n one line :—			5		
		(a)	Wha	at is linked list?	۸ ۸ '	3			
		(b)	Wh	at is data structure?	41				
		(c)	Wh	at is sibling in tree data structu	re?				
		(d)	Wha	at is data hiding?					
		(e)	Wha	at is inline function?					
2.	(A)	Wha	at is S	STACK? Explain algorithm to	inser	t and remove element from the stack.	7		
	(B)	Wha	at are	different operations performe	d on t	he data structure ? Explain.	3		
					OR				
3.	(A)	Wha	at is c	data structure? Explain the typ	bes of	data structure with suitable example.	7		
		-		in algorithm to delete an eleme		•	3		
4.	` ′	What is Linked List? Explain the types of Linked List with suitable examples.							
	(B)	Expl	lain t	he Circular Queue with suitabl		mple.	3		
					OR				
5.		A	Λ	Free Traversing? Explain its ty		$\Lambda \Lambda J$	7		
	(B)			Priority Queue with suitable ex	_		3		
6.		-		nsertion Sort method with algo		-	7		
	(B)	Wha	at is I	Indexed Sequential Search? E	-	l.	3		
					OR				

7.	(A)	Explain Binary search method with algorithm and example.	7
	(B)	Explain Quick Sort method with example.	3
8.	(A)	How to define member function outside the class? Explain with suitable example.	7
	(B)	Explain Cin and Cout in C++ with suitable example.	3
		OR	
9.	(A)	Explain the program structure in C++. Give one suitable example.	7
	(B)	What are the Applications of OOP?	3
10.	(A)	Explain the concept passing objects to and returning objects from function with suitable of	example
			7
	(B)	What do you mean by Array of Objects? Explain with suitable example.	3
		OR	
11.	(A)	What is friend function? Explain how to define and declare friend function with suitable of	example
			7
	(B)	What is destructor? Explain it with suitable example.	3
12.	(A)	Write a program to overload '+' operator with member function definition.	7
	(B)	What is virtual base classes? Explain with suitable example.	3
		OR	
13.	(A)	What is Inheritance? Explain the Multilevel Inheritance with suitable example.	7
	(B)	What is visibility mode? Explain all modes with suitable example	3

B.Sc. Part—I (Semester—II) (CBCS) Examination 1CS2: COMP.SCI./COMP.APP./I.T.

(Data Structure and Object Oriented Programming)

Time : Three Hours]					[Maximum Marks: 80			
Note :	(1)	All	questions are compulsory.					
	(2)	Que	estion No.1 contains 20 marks and	all o	ther questions carry 10 marks each.			
	(3)	Assı	ume suitable data wherever necessa	ry.	2005			
1. (A)	Fill	in the	e blanks :—		15			
	(a)	Visit every part of the data structure exactly once is known as						
	(b)	The	Info and address (Next).					
	(c)				mpared and swapping is done if the first			
			nent is greater than second element					
	(d)	Con	nbining two similar data structures	into	one is known as			
	(e)	The	variables declared inside a class a	eclared inside a class are known as 5				
(B)	Sele	ect co	prrect alternative :—					
	(a)	Inhe	eritance is a way to					
		(i)	Make general classes into more c	ompl	icated class			
		(ii)	Pass arguments to objects of class	ses.				
		(iii)	Add features to existing classes w	ithou	t rewriting them.			
	(iv) Improve data hiding and encapsulation.							
	(b) A special member function which is invoked automatically when an object is							
		dest	royed is called					
		(i)	Destructor	(ii)	Constructor			
		(iii)	Function	(iv)	None of these			
	(c)	Who	ere does the execution of the progr	ram s	start ?			
	O	(i)	User-defined function	(ii)	Void function			
		(iii)	Main function	(iv)	None of these			

		(d)	Cou	ıt is					
			(i)	Operator	(ii)	Function			
			(iii)	Object	(iv)	Macro			
		(e)	The	tree which have exactly tw	o nodes is o	called			
			(i)	Binary tree	(ii)	Complete binary tree			
			(iii)	Binary search tree	(iv)	None			
	3	(f)	At 1	the time of insertion in STA	CK, Top is	·			
			(i)	Top = 0	(ii)	Top + 1			
			(iii)	Top – 1	(iv)	Top = 1			
		(g)	Linl	ked list is a Data stru		33			
			(i)	Non primitive	(ii)	Non Linear			
			(iii)	Linear	(iv)	None of these			
		(h)	A _	statement is used to re	eturn values	to the invoking function.			
			(i)	Return	(ii)	Void			
			(iii)	Getch	(iv)	None of these			
		(i)	Ove	rloading unary minus operat	tor using frie	and function takes argument.			
			(i)	One	(ii)	Two			
			(iii)	Three	(iv)	Four			
		(j)	Add	ling new element into the st	tack is called	l			
			(i)	Deletion	(ii)	Insertion			
			(iii)	Searching	(iv)	None of these	10		
	(C)	Ans	wer i	n one sentence :					
		(i)	What do you mean by circular queue ?						
		(ii)	Def	ine data structure.					
		(iii)	Wha	at do you mean by sequenti	ial search?				
		(iv)	Wha	at do you mean by do-nothi	ing function	?			
		(v)	Wh	at is constructor?		-03	5		
2.	(A)	Wha	at is	stack? Explain the concept	of stack.	35	3		
	(B)	Wha	at is	array ? Explain the concept	of array and	l its memory representation.	7		

OR

3.	(A)	Define and explain Primitive and Non-Primitive data structure with example.	7						
	(B)	Explain the operations performed on Data Structure.	3						
4.	(A)	What is Queue ? Explain the types of queue with suitable example.	7						
	(B)	Define the following:-							
		(i) Branch							
		(ii) Level of tree							
	2	(iii) Degree of node.	3						
		OR							
5.	(A)	Explain the algorithm to delete any node from the tree.	3						
	(B)	What is linked list? Explain the algorithm to insert new node in the linked list (in beginning).	the 7						
6.	(A)	Explain quick sort method with algorithm.	7						
	(B)	Explain linear search method.	3						
		OR							
7.	(A)	Explain binary search method with algorithm.	7						
	(B)	Explain bubble sort method.	3						
8.	(A)	What is manipulator? Explain any two manipulator with suitable example.	3						
	(B)	What is class? Explain class specification and creating objection with suitable example.	7						
		OR							
9.	(A)	What are the Applications of OOP ?	3						
	(B)	Explain the program structure in C++ with example.	7						
10.	(A)	What is destructor? Explain with syntax and example.	3						
	(B)	Write a program to overload function subtract ().	7						
	OR								
11.	(A)	What is inline function? Explain with suitable example.	3						
	(B)	What is constructor? Explain parameterized constructor with example.	7						
12.	(A)	Write a program to overload ++ operator with friend function in C++.	7						
	(B)	What is inheritance? Explain single inheritance with suitable example.	3						
		OR 3							
13.	(A)	Write a program in C++ to overload binary operator with member function.	7						
	(B)	What is virtual base classes ? Explain with example.	3						